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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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In re	:	Chapter 11 Case No.
	:	00.10=== (0.00)
LEHMAN BROTHERS HOLDINGS INC., et al.,	:	08-13555 (SCC)
Debtors.	:	(Jointly Administered)
Debtors.	•	(Jointly Administrica)
	x	

DECLARATION OF LAWRENCE BRANDMAN IN SUPPORT OF MOTION PURSUANT TO RULE 9019 OF THE FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE AND SECTION 105(a) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE FOR APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT RELATING TO EXUM RIDGE CBO 2007-2 CREDIT DEFAULT SWAP AGREEMENT AND INDENTURE

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I, Lawrence Brandman, declare:

1. I am over the age of 18 years and make these statements of my own personal knowledge based on my personal experience, my review of business records of Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. ("LBHI" or the "Plan Administrator"), Lehman Brothers Special Financing Inc. ("LBSF"), and/or certain of their affiliates (collectively, the "Chapter 11").

<u>Estates</u>"), and/or my consultation with other employees of and advisors to the Chapter 11 Estates. If called to testify, I could testify to the truth of the matters set forth herein.

- 2. I submit this Declaration in support of the Motion Pursuant to Rule 9019 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and Section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code for Approval of Settlement Agreement Relating to Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2 Credit Default Swap Agreement and Indenture, dated January 20, 2015 [ECF No. 47931] (the "Motion").
- Advisory with LBHI. One of my primary areas of responsibility is managing the Chapter 11 Estates' mediations relating to derivatives transactions. I also supervise the management of a portfolio of the Chapter 11 Estates' derivatives transactions, including with counterparties that are special purpose entities. In those roles I have independently reviewed, have become familiar with, and have personal knowledge regarding many derivatives transactions that the Chapter 11 Estates entered into before their bankruptcies, including the transaction that is the subject of the Motion. I have been the primary representative for the Chapter 11 Estates in connection with the matters set forth in the Motion, including for the ADR process and the negotiations that resulted in the entry into the settlement agreement among LBSF, LBHI, ABS LIBOR Fund, Ltd., U.S. Bank National Association (the "Trustee"), solely in its capacity as trustee under the Indenture, ² Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2, Ltd., as Issuer (the "Exum Ridge Issuer"), and Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2, Corp., as Co-Issuer (the "Exum Ridge Co-Issuer"), dated as of January 20, 2015 (the "Settlement Agreement").

¹ Capitalized terms used herein but not defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

² A copy of the Indenture (without exhibits) is attached to the Motion as Exhibit A.

4. I am thus fully familiar with the facts underlying the Motion, which I approved prior to its filing. I adopt the representations contained in the Motion, as if set forth in full and at length in this Declaration.

The Credit Default Swap Agreement and The Indenture

- 5. It is my understanding that LBSF and the Exum Ridge Issuer, entered into the Transaction pursuant to a 1992 form ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of May 2, 2007 (the "ISDA Master Agreement"), as amended and supplemented by a certain Schedule to ISDA Master Agreement (the "Schedule"), and a Confirmation, dated May 2, 2007 (the "Confirmation"). LBHI guaranteed LBSF's obligations under the ISDA Master Agreement, Schedule and Confirmation (the "Guarantee" and, together with the ISDA Master Agreement, Schedule, and Confirmation, the "Credit Default Swap Agreement").³
- 6. It is also my understanding that under the Credit Default Swap Agreement, LBSF agreed to make periodic payments to the Exum Ridge Issuer in exchange for the Exum Ridge Issuer's promise to make payments to LBSF in respect of losses incurred in respect of certain specified reference obligations. In effect, LBSF, as the "Swap Counterparty," purchased protection from the Exum Ridge Issuer, which sold protection on the creditworthiness of the obligations referenced in the Credit Default Swap Agreement.
- 7. It is my further understanding that the Exum Ridge Issuer issued various classes of notes (the "Notes") under the Indenture and preference shares under a shares paying agency agreement (the "Preference Shares" and, together with the Notes, the "Securities"). The Notes were secured by a pool of collateral (the "Collateral") that also secured the Credit Default Swap Agreement. Through a series of note purchases, LBSF is now both a holder of certain of

 $^{^3}$ Copies of the ISDA Master Agreement, the Schedule and the Confirmation are attached to the Motion as <u>Exhibit B</u>.

the Notes and the Swap Counterparty under the Credit Default Swap Agreement (in such latter capacity, the "Swap Counterparty"). The Exum Ridge Issuer pledged the Collateral to the Trustee for the benefit and security of the holders of the Notes (the "Noteholders"), which now include LBSF, and to LBSF, in its capacity as Swap Counterparty. The Trustee continues to hold the Collateral under the Indenture for the benefit of the Noteholders (including LBSF) and LBSF as Swap Counterparty.

- 8. I understand that under the Granting Clause of the Indenture, the Exum Ridge Issuer granted to the Trustee, for the benefit and security of the secured parties, all of its right, title and interest, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, in, to and under, *inter alia*, the Exum Ridge Issuer's rights under the Credit Default Swap Agreement, the Collateral, and substantially all other assets of the Exum Ridge Issuer.
- 9. It is my understanding that under the terms of the Indenture, the Trustee applies payment proceeds received generally in accordance with a "waterfall" provision. *See* Indenture § 11.1. Section 11.1(B)(i) clause "third" of the Indenture provides that a termination payment owed to LBSF as Swap Counterparty will be paid in advance of any distributions to Noteholders unless, *inter alia*, LBSF is the defaulting party under the Transaction. *See id.* § 11.1(B)(i). Under clause "second" of Section 11.1(B)(xiv), if, *inter alia*, LBSF is the defaulting party under the Transaction, the termination payment owed to LBSF is paid after the Noteholders and before the holders of Preference Shares (the "Preference Shareholders"). *See id.* § 11.1(B)(xiii). As a result, Section 11.1(B)(i) clause "third" and Section 11.1(B)(xiv) clause "second" of the Indenture (the "Waterfall Provisions") purport to provide that LBSF will receive termination payments before any distributions are made to Noteholders unless, *inter alia*, LBSF is the defaulting party under the Transaction.

The Dispute

- the Trustee has paid any amounts that have become due under the Indenture and the Credit Default Swap Agreement. On November 25, 2008, the Trustee received a letter from LBSF's counsel advising, *inter alia*, that (a) any action taken to exercise remedies with respect to the Notes would violate the automatic stay and, therefore, any actions to make distributions to Noteholders would violate the stay, and (b) any provision subordinating any termination payment due LBSF would be unenforceable. On November 28, 2008, the Exum Ridge Issuer sent to LBSF a "Notice of Early Termination" which terminated the Transaction as of November 28, 2008. As a result of LBSF's dispute regarding, among other things, the enforceability of the Waterfall Provisions (the "Payment Dispute"), neither party to the Credit Default Swap Agreement has paid any amounts (including termination payments) that became due to the other party on or after November 28, 2008.
- 11. On April 20, 2010, LBSF commenced Derivatives ADR No. 157 by serving an ADR Notice upon the Trustee and the Exum Ridge Issuer pursuant to the ADR Procedures Order. On June 4, 2010, the Trustee served an ADR Response upon LBSF as required by the ADR Procedures Order.
- 12. On September 14, 2010, LBSF filed a complaint against, among others, the Trustee and the Exum Ridge Issuer. *See* Adversary Proceeding No. 10-03542-SCC (the "<u>Litigation</u>"). At issue in Derivatives ADR No. 157 and in the Litigation is the Payment Dispute, including questions as to the proper interpretation of the Credit Default Swap Agreement and the Indenture. The Litigation relates to the instant Payment Dispute among the Parties, as well as other similar disputes involving other issuers and trustees.

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- 13. In the Litigation, LBSF seeks a declaratory judgment that provisions purporting to modify LBSF's economic rights to a termination payment premised on the bankruptcy filing of either LBHI or LBSF constitute unenforceable ipso facto clauses that inappropriately modify a debtor's interest in property, in violation of sections 365(e)(1) and 541(c)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. LBSF also seeks a declaratory judgment that effectuation of the Waterfall Provisions violates the automatic stay under section 362(a)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code because it involves an improper exercise of control over property of LBSF's estate. In the alternative, LBSF seeks a declaratory judgment that, if the Waterfall Provisions ultimately are found to be enforceable in whole or in part, they constitute either (i) a preferential transfer of an interest of LBSF in property that may be avoided under section 547 of the Bankruptcy Code, recovered under section 550 of the Bankruptcy Code, and preserved for the benefit of LBSF's estate under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code; (ii) a constructive fraudulent transfer of an interest of LBSF in property that may be avoided under section 548(a)(1)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code, recovered under section 550 of the Bankruptcy Code, and preserved for the benefit of LBSF's estate under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (iii) an unauthorized postpetition transfer of property of LBSF's estate that may be avoided under section 549 of the Bankruptcy Code, recovered under section 550 of the Bankruptcy Code, and preserved for the benefit of LBSF's estate under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code. The positions advanced by LBSF in the Litigation are not those of the Trustee.
- 14. On October 20, 2010, the Court entered the *Order Staying Avoidance*Actions and Granting Certain Related Relief Pursuant to Section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code

 and Bankruptcy Rule 7004(a)(1) [ECF No. 12199], thereby staying, among other things, certain
 adversary proceedings, including the Litigation, to allow parties to the Litigation and other
 similar actions time to explore the possibility of resolving their disputes without the need for

litigation (the "Stay"). I have also been informed that the Stay has been subsequently extended by numerous orders of the Court. On September 11, 2014, the Court entered a scheduling order governing certain adversary proceedings, including the Litigation. *See* Adv. Proc. No. 10-03542 (SCC) [ECF No. 70] (the "Scheduling Order"). The Scheduling Order sets forth a schedule for litigation of various issues in the Litigation. The Exum Ridge Issuer and the Trustee have not answered or otherwise moved for any relief in the Litigation.

- 15. On April 1, 2011, LBSF submitted an SPV Derivatives ADR Election pursuant to which LBSF recommenced the ADR process under the SPV ADR Procedures Order. The Trustee served an amended ADR Response on June 13, 2011, and LBSF served its ADR Reply on July 5, 2011. LBSF and the Trustee participated in mediation pursuant to the ADR process on December 7, 2012. At various junctures following the commencement of the Litigation and through and including the mediation, LBSF and the Trustee have engaged in settlement discussions.
- LBSF and its participation in the Litigation, the Trustee has made numerous attempts to contact Noteholders and Preference Shareholders for direction regarding the Payment Dispute and the application of proceeds from the sale of the Collateral. However, with limited exceptions, Noteholders and Preference Shareholders have not adequately responded to the Trustee's communications. Additionally, I understand that resolution of the Payment Dispute and the application of proceeds from the sale of the Collateral, as memorialized in the Initial Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement, was the subject of the Initial Motion filed by the Plan Administrator on October 18, 2013. I filed a declaration in support of the relief requested in the Initial Motion on November 19, 2013 [ECF No. 41174]. At that time, two of the holders of notes issued by the Exum Ridge Issuer and Exum Ridge Co-Issuer elected to opt-out of the Initial

Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement. [ECF Nos. 41035 and 41055]. Another holder of notes issued by the Exum Ridge Issuer and Exum Ridge Co-Issuer filed an objection to the Initial Motion solely with respect to the Initial Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement [ECF No. 41118] (the "Objection"). Subsequent to the filing of the Objection, the Initial Motion was withdrawn without prejudice solely with respect to the Initial Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement. LBSF has since resolved the Objection and, as a result, the Trustee has advised LBSF that it is prepared to enter into the Settlement Agreement, provided the Court approves of the terms of the Settlement Agreement pursuant to the terms of Bankruptcy Rule 9019. To date, the only response filed to the Motion has been the Limited Objection of ESP Funding I, Ltd. to Motion For Approval of Settlement Agreement Relating to Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2 Credit Default Swap Agreement and Indenture [ECF No. 41800] pursuant to which a Noteholder elected to optout of the Settlement Agreement. Entry of an order by this Court, in the form annexed to the Motion, is a condition precedent to the effectiveness of the Settlement Agreement.

The Settlement Agreement⁴

between the parties. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, upon its effective date, the Exum Ridge Issuer and the Trustee shall take such actions as shall be necessary to cause certain assets held in respect of the Collateral to be redeemed or otherwise liquidated, and to cause the net proceeds thereof to be deposited with the Trustee (the "Investment Proceeds"). The Trustee shall distribute and apply the Investment Proceeds, as well as certain other amounts as set forth in the Settlement Agreement, in accordance with the order, priority and procedures set forth in the

⁴ In keeping with the confidentiality provisions of the Parties' settlement, and due to LBHI's and LBSF's desire to keep the economic terms of the settlement confidential, the Settlement Agreement was not included as an exhibit to the Motion. The descriptions of documents set forth herein are being provided as summaries only. In the case of an inconsistency between the summary herein and the documents, the terms of the documents shall control.

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Settlement Agreement. Specifically, the Trustee is authorized under the Settlement Agreement to: (a) pay the outstanding fees and expenses of the Trustee; (b) pay the fees and expenses of Pricewaterhouse Coopers, Puglisi & Associates, Moody's, Maples and Calder, and Maples Fiduciary Services, in the specified amounts, (c) provided the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is met, pay an amount equal to the Noteholder Settlement Amount in satisfaction of the claims of Noteholders other than LBSF that do not object to the Settlement Agreement or the Motion; (d) place into an interest-bearing account an amount to be held in respect of a reserve, which the Trustee may use for the fees and expenses set forth in the Settlement Agreement; (e) place into an account with the Trustee an amount to be used to satisfy the claims of Noteholders other than LBSF that timely object to the Settlement Agreement or the Motion (an "Objecting Noteholder") if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is met, or sufficient to secure payment of the claims of all Noteholders other than LBSF if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is not met (the "Escrow Amount"); and (f) pay the remaining amount to LBSF upon LBSF's delivery of its Notes to the Trustee. LBSF retains all rights as Noteholder or Swap Counterparty except as otherwise explicitly set forth in the Settlement Agreement, and, to the extent that LBSF subsequently purchases Notes from Objecting Noteholders that it does not currently hold, commensurate pro rata amounts will be deducted from the Escrow Amount and paid to LBSF. Distribution of any remaining Escrow Amount and any remaining Reserve Amount to LBSF will be subject to certain conditions set forth in the Settlement Agreement.

18. LBSF, solely in its capacity as Noteholder, agrees not to assert that it is entitled to be paid on a senior or *pari passu* basis with the Notes that it does not hold (but LBSF reserves the right to assert that it is entitled to be paid amounts owing under the Notes it owns on a junior basis to the Notes it does not own and in an amount not to exceed the lesser of (a) the unpaid amount of principal and interest due on the Notes that LBSF owns (after taking into

account the Settlement Amount or applicable Subsequent Settlement Amount, as the case may be, to the extent any such payment is deemed to be a payment under the Notes that LBSF owns, as the case may be), or (b) the then remaining Escrow Amount.

- 19. LBSF and the Plan Administrator acknowledge and agree that they, and any agents and assigns thereof, as applicable, will only seek payment for damages and other relief, including interest thereon, with respect to or in connection with the Transaction (including, without limitation, any termination payment), the Notes, the Preference Shares, the Indenture and/or the Credit Default Swap Agreement in the Litigation, in an aggregate amount not greater than the then remaining Escrow Amount.
- 20. It is my understanding that the Settlement Agreement also provides that, upon distribution of the remaining Escrow Amount, any proof of claim filed by the Trustee, the Exum Ridge Issuer or the Exum Ridge Co-Issuer that is related to the Transaction and subject to the Settlement Agreement shall be withdrawn.

The Settlement Is in LBSF's Best Interests and Should Be Approved

Agreement is justified and appropriate. First, LBSF is entitled to the Settlement Amount either in its capacity as Swap Counterparty or in its capacity as Noteholder and, as a result, payment of the Settlement Amount to LBSF is appropriate regardless of the outcome of the Payment Dispute. Second, the Settlement Agreement protects the interests of other Noteholders by providing for the reservation of the Escrow Amount, which the Plan Administrator and LBSF believe is sufficient to pay the claims of the Objecting Noteholders, if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is met or waived, or the claims of all Noteholders other than LBSF, if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is not met or waived. In addition, the Settlement Agreement provides for the reservation of the Reserve Amount, which the Trustee may use for

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fees and expenses as enumerated in the Settlement Agreement. Third, regardless of the outcome of the Payment Dispute, the payment rights of the Preference Shareholders will be subordinated to those of both the Noteholders and LBSF, as Swap Counterparty; as a result, the Preference Shareholders should be indifferent to the approval of the Settlement Agreement because they will not receive a payment under the waterfall under any scenario. Moreover, any interested parties that may object to the terms of the Settlement Agreement will have the opportunity to lodge an objection with and be heard by this Court.

LBSF to capture a substantial amount of the value of the Transaction and the Notes that it owns for its estate. The Settlement Agreement will not resolve the Payment Dispute: LBSF retains the right to maintain its positions in respect of the Payment Dispute in the Litigation or elsewhere, subject to the limitations as to the amount of its recovery set forth in the Settlement Agreement. Regardless, for the reasons set forth above, I and my colleagues involved in the management of the Chapter 11 Estates, as well as counsel to the Chapter 11 Estates, have concluded, in our considered business judgment, that the compromises set forth in the Settlement Agreement are "fair and equitable," are well within the "range of reasonableness," and are in the best interests of LBSF's estate and its creditors. We believe the Settlement Agreement was entered into in good faith and negotiated at arm's length. Therefore, the Motion, which seeks approval of the Settlement Agreement, should be granted.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Executed on this 11th day of February 2015.

/s/ Lawrence Brandman
Lawrence Brandman

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Christopher J. Cox

Attorneys for Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. and Lehman Brothers Special Financing Inc.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

	X	
In re	: :	Chapter 11 Case No.
LEHMAN BROTHERS HOLDINGS INC., et al.,	: :	08-13555 (SCC)
Debtors.	:	(Jointly Administered)
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DECLARATION OF LAWRENCE BRANDMAN IN SUPPORT OF MOTION PURSUANT TO RULE 9019 OF THE FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE AND SECTION 105(a) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE FOR APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT RELATING TO EXUM RIDGE CBO 2007-2 CREDIT DEFAULT SWAP AGREEMENT AND INDENTURE

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I, Lawrence Brandman, declare:

1. I am over the age of 18 years and make these statements of my own personal knowledge based on my personal experience, my review of business records of Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. ("<u>LBHI</u>" or the "<u>Plan Administrator</u>"), Lehman Brothers Special Financing Inc. ("<u>LBSF</u>"), and/or certain of their affiliates (collectively, the "<u>Chapter 11</u>

<u>Estates</u>"), and/or my consultation with other employees of and advisors to the Chapter 11 Estates. If called to testify, I could testify to the truth of the matters set forth herein.

- 2. I submit this Declaration in support of the *Motion Pursuant to Rule 9019* of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and Section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code for Approval of Settlement Agreement Relating to Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2 Credit Default Swap Agreement and Indenture, dated January 20, 2015 [ECF No. 47931] (the "Motion").
- Advisory with LBHI. One of my primary areas of responsibility is managing the Chapter 11 Estates' mediations relating to derivatives transactions. I also supervise the management of a portfolio of the Chapter 11 Estates' derivatives transactions, including with counterparties that are special purpose entities. In those roles I have independently reviewed, have become familiar with, and have personal knowledge regarding many derivatives transactions that the Chapter 11 Estates entered into before their bankruptcies, including the transaction that is the subject of the Motion. I have been the primary representative for the Chapter 11 Estates in connection with the matters set forth in the Motion, including for the ADR process and the negotiations that resulted in the entry into the settlement agreement among LBSF, LBHI, ABS LIBOR Fund, Ltd., U.S. Bank National Association (the "Trustee"), solely in its capacity as trustee under the Indenture, ² Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2, Ltd., as Issuer (the "Exum Ridge Issuer"), and Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2, Corp., as Co-Issuer (the "Exum Ridge Co-Issuer"), dated as of January 20, 2015 (the "Settlement Agreement").

¹ Capitalized terms used herein but not defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

² A copy of the Indenture (without exhibits) is attached to the Motion as Exhibit A.

4. I am thus fully familiar with the facts underlying the Motion, which I approved prior to its filing. I adopt the representations contained in the Motion, as if set forth in full and at length in this Declaration.

The Credit Default Swap Agreement and The Indenture

- 5. It is my understanding that LBSF and the Exum Ridge Issuer, entered into the Transaction pursuant to a 1992 form ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of May 2, 2007 (the "ISDA Master Agreement"), as amended and supplemented by a certain Schedule to ISDA Master Agreement (the "Schedule"), and a Confirmation, dated May 2, 2007 (the "Confirmation"). LBHI guaranteed LBSF's obligations under the ISDA Master Agreement, Schedule and Confirmation (the "Guarantee" and, together with the ISDA Master Agreement, Schedule, and Confirmation, the "Credit Default Swap Agreement").³
- 6. It is also my understanding that under the Credit Default Swap Agreement, LBSF agreed to make periodic payments to the Exum Ridge Issuer in exchange for the Exum Ridge Issuer's promise to make payments to LBSF in respect of losses incurred in respect of certain specified reference obligations. In effect, LBSF, as the "Swap Counterparty," purchased protection from the Exum Ridge Issuer, which sold protection on the creditworthiness of the obligations referenced in the Credit Default Swap Agreement.
- 7. It is my further understanding that the Exum Ridge Issuer issued various classes of notes (the "Notes") under the Indenture and preference shares under a shares paying agency agreement (the "Preference Shares" and, together with the Notes, the "Securities"). The Notes were secured by a pool of collateral (the "Collateral") that also secured the Credit Default Swap Agreement. Through a series of note purchases, LBSF is now both a holder of certain of

 $^{^3}$ Copies of the ISDA Master Agreement, the Schedule and the Confirmation are attached to the Motion as $\underline{\text{Exhibit}}$ $\underline{\text{B}}$.

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the Notes and the Swap Counterparty under the Credit Default Swap Agreement (in such latter capacity, the "Swap Counterparty"). The Exum Ridge Issuer pledged the Collateral to the Trustee for the benefit and security of the holders of the Notes (the "Noteholders"), which now include LBSF, and to LBSF, in its capacity as Swap Counterparty. The Trustee continues to hold the Collateral under the Indenture for the benefit of the Noteholders (including LBSF) and LBSF as Swap Counterparty.

- 8. I understand that under the Granting Clause of the Indenture, the Exum Ridge Issuer granted to the Trustee, for the benefit and security of the secured parties, all of its right, title and interest, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, in, to and under, *inter alia*, the Exum Ridge Issuer's rights under the Credit Default Swap Agreement, the Collateral, and substantially all other assets of the Exum Ridge Issuer.
- 9. It is my understanding that under the terms of the Indenture, the Trustee applies payment proceeds received generally in accordance with a "waterfall" provision. *See* Indenture § 11.1. Section 11.1(B)(i) clause "third" of the Indenture provides that a termination payment owed to LBSF as Swap Counterparty will be paid in advance of any distributions to Noteholders unless, *inter alia*, LBSF is the defaulting party under the Transaction. *See id.* § 11.1(B)(i). Under clause "second" of Section 11.1(B)(xiv), if, *inter alia*, LBSF is the defaulting party under the Transaction, the termination payment owed to LBSF is paid after the Noteholders and before the holders of Preference Shares (the "Preference Shareholders"). *See id.* § 11.1(B)(xiii). As a result, Section 11.1(B)(i) clause "third" and Section 11.1(B)(xiv) clause "second" of the Indenture (the "Waterfall Provisions") purport to provide that LBSF will receive termination payments before any distributions are made to Noteholders unless, *inter alia*, LBSF is the defaulting party under the Transaction.

The Dispute

- the Trustee has paid any amounts that have become due under the Indenture and the Credit Default Swap Agreement. On November 25, 2008, the Trustee received a letter from LBSF's counsel advising, *inter alia*, that (a) any action taken to exercise remedies with respect to the Notes would violate the automatic stay and, therefore, any actions to make distributions to Noteholders would violate the stay, and (b) any provision subordinating any termination payment due LBSF would be unenforceable. On November 28, 2008, the Exum Ridge Issuer sent to LBSF a "Notice of Early Termination" which terminated the Transaction as of November 28, 2008. As a result of LBSF's dispute regarding, among other things, the enforceability of the Waterfall Provisions (the "Payment Dispute"), neither party to the Credit Default Swap Agreement has paid any amounts (including termination payments) that became due to the other party on or after November 28, 2008.
- 11. On April 20, 2010, LBSF commenced Derivatives ADR No. 157 by serving an ADR Notice upon the Trustee and the Exum Ridge Issuer pursuant to the ADR Procedures Order. On June 4, 2010, the Trustee served an ADR Response upon LBSF as required by the ADR Procedures Order.
- 12. On September 14, 2010, LBSF filed a complaint against, among others, the Trustee and the Exum Ridge Issuer. *See* Adversary Proceeding No. 10-03542-SCC (the "<u>Litigation</u>"). At issue in Derivatives ADR No. 157 and in the Litigation is the Payment Dispute, including questions as to the proper interpretation of the Credit Default Swap Agreement and the Indenture. The Litigation relates to the instant Payment Dispute among the Parties, as well as other similar disputes involving other issuers and trustees.

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litigation (the "Stay"). I have also been informed that the Stay has been subsequently extended by numerous orders of the Court. On September 11, 2014, the Court entered a scheduling order governing certain adversary proceedings, including the Litigation. *See* Adv. Proc. No. 10-03542 (SCC) [ECF No. 70] (the "Scheduling Order"). The Scheduling Order sets forth a schedule for litigation of various issues in the Litigation. The Exum Ridge Issuer and the Trustee have not answered or otherwise moved for any relief in the Litigation.

- 15. On April 1, 2011, LBSF submitted an SPV Derivatives ADR Election pursuant to which LBSF recommenced the ADR process under the SPV ADR Procedures Order. The Trustee served an amended ADR Response on June 13, 2011, and LBSF served its ADR Reply on July 5, 2011. LBSF and the Trustee participated in mediation pursuant to the ADR process on December 7, 2012. At various junctures following the commencement of the Litigation and through and including the mediation, LBSF and the Trustee have engaged in settlement discussions.
- LBSF and its participation in the Litigation, the Trustee has made numerous attempts to contact Noteholders and Preference Shareholders for direction regarding the Payment Dispute and the application of proceeds from the sale of the Collateral. However, with limited exceptions, Noteholders and Preference Shareholders have not adequately responded to the Trustee's communications. Additionally, I understand that resolution of the Payment Dispute and the application of proceeds from the sale of the Collateral, as memorialized in the Initial Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement, was the subject of the Initial Motion filed by the Plan Administrator on October 18, 2013. I filed a declaration in support of the relief requested in the Initial Motion on November 19, 2013 [ECF No. 41174]. At that time, two of the holders of notes issued by the Exum Ridge Issuer and Exum Ridge Co-Issuer elected to opt-out of the Initial

Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement. [ECF Nos. 41035 and 41055]. Another holder of notes issued by the Exum Ridge Issuer and Exum Ridge Co-Issuer filed an objection to the Initial Motion solely with respect to the Initial Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement [ECF No. 41118] (the "Objection"). Subsequent to the filing of the Objection, the Initial Motion was withdrawn without prejudice solely with respect to the Initial Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement. LBSF has since resolved the Objection and, as a result, the Trustee has advised LBSF that it is prepared to enter into the Settlement Agreement, provided the Court approves of the terms of the Settlement Agreement pursuant to the terms of Bankruptcy Rule 9019. To date, the only response filed to the Motion has been the Limited Objection of ESP Funding I, Ltd. to Motion For Approval of Settlement Agreement Relating to Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2 Credit Default Swap Agreement and Indenture [ECF No. 41800] pursuant to which a Noteholder elected to optout of the Settlement Agreement. Entry of an order by this Court, in the form annexed to the Motion, is a condition precedent to the effectiveness of the Settlement Agreement.

The Settlement Agreement⁴

between the parties. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, upon its effective date, the Exum Ridge Issuer and the Trustee shall take such actions as shall be necessary to cause certain assets held in respect of the Collateral to be redeemed or otherwise liquidated, and to cause the net proceeds thereof to be deposited with the Trustee (the "Investment Proceeds"). The Trustee shall distribute and apply the Investment Proceeds, as well as certain other amounts as set forth in the Settlement Agreement, in accordance with the order, priority and procedures set forth in the

⁴ In keeping with the confidentiality provisions of the Parties' settlement, and due to LBHI's and LBSF's desire to keep the economic terms of the settlement confidential, the Settlement Agreement was not included as an exhibit to the Motion. The descriptions of documents set forth herein are being provided as summaries only. In the case of an inconsistency between the summary herein and the documents, the terms of the documents shall control.

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Settlement Agreement. Specifically, the Trustee is authorized under the Settlement Agreement to: (a) pay the outstanding fees and expenses of the Trustee; (b) pay the fees and expenses of Pricewaterhouse Coopers, Puglisi & Associates, Moody's, Maples and Calder, and Maples Fiduciary Services, in the specified amounts, (c) provided the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is met, pay an amount equal to the Noteholder Settlement Amount in satisfaction of the claims of Noteholders other than LBSF that do not object to the Settlement Agreement or the Motion; (d) place into an interest-bearing account an amount to be held in respect of a reserve, which the Trustee may use for the fees and expenses set forth in the Settlement Agreement; (e) place into an account with the Trustee an amount to be used to satisfy the claims of Noteholders other than LBSF that timely object to the Settlement Agreement or the Motion (an "Objecting Noteholder") if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is met, or sufficient to secure payment of the claims of all Noteholders other than LBSF if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is not met (the "Escrow Amount"); and (f) pay the remaining amount to LBSF upon LBSF's delivery of its Notes to the Trustee. LBSF retains all rights as Noteholder or Swap Counterparty except as otherwise explicitly set forth in the Settlement Agreement, and, to the extent that LBSF subsequently purchases Notes from Objecting Noteholders that it does not currently hold, commensurate pro rata amounts will be deducted from the Escrow Amount and paid to LBSF. Distribution of any remaining Escrow Amount and any remaining Reserve Amount to LBSF will be subject to certain conditions set forth in the Settlement Agreement.

18. LBSF, solely in its capacity as Noteholder, agrees not to assert that it is entitled to be paid on a senior or *pari passu* basis with the Notes that it does not hold (but LBSF reserves the right to assert that it is entitled to be paid amounts owing under the Notes it owns on a junior basis to the Notes it does not own and in an amount not to exceed the lesser of (a) the unpaid amount of principal and interest due on the Notes that LBSF owns (after taking into

account the Settlement Amount or applicable Subsequent Settlement Amount, as the case may be, to the extent any such payment is deemed to be a payment under the Notes that LBSF owns, as the case may be), or (b) the then remaining Escrow Amount.

- 19. LBSF and the Plan Administrator acknowledge and agree that they, and any agents and assigns thereof, as applicable, will only seek payment for damages and other relief, including interest thereon, with respect to or in connection with the Transaction (including, without limitation, any termination payment), the Notes, the Preference Shares, the Indenture and/or the Credit Default Swap Agreement in the Litigation, in an aggregate amount not greater than the then remaining Escrow Amount.
- 20. It is my understanding that the Settlement Agreement also provides that, upon distribution of the remaining Escrow Amount, any proof of claim filed by the Trustee, the Exum Ridge Issuer or the Exum Ridge Co-Issuer that is related to the Transaction and subject to the Settlement Agreement shall be withdrawn.

The Settlement Is in LBSF's Best Interests and Should Be Approved

Agreement is justified and appropriate. First, LBSF is entitled to the Settlement Amount either in its capacity as Swap Counterparty or in its capacity as Noteholder and, as a result, payment of the Settlement Amount to LBSF is appropriate regardless of the outcome of the Payment Dispute. Second, the Settlement Agreement protects the interests of other Noteholders by providing for the reservation of the Escrow Amount, which the Plan Administrator and LBSF believe is sufficient to pay the claims of the Objecting Noteholders, if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is met or waived, or the claims of all Noteholders other than LBSF, if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is not met or waived. In addition, the Settlement Agreement provides for the reservation of the Reserve Amount, which the Trustee may use for

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fees and expenses as enumerated in the Settlement Agreement. Third, regardless of the outcome of the Payment Dispute, the payment rights of the Preference Shareholders will be subordinated to those of both the Noteholders and LBSF, as Swap Counterparty; as a result, the Preference Shareholders should be indifferent to the approval of the Settlement Agreement because they will not receive a payment under the waterfall under any scenario. Moreover, any interested parties that may object to the terms of the Settlement Agreement will have the opportunity to lodge an objection with and be heard by this Court.

LBSF to capture a substantial amount of the value of the Transaction and the Notes that it owns for its estate. The Settlement Agreement will not resolve the Payment Dispute: LBSF retains the right to maintain its positions in respect of the Payment Dispute in the Litigation or elsewhere, subject to the limitations as to the amount of its recovery set forth in the Settlement Agreement. Regardless, for the reasons set forth above, I and my colleagues involved in the management of the Chapter 11 Estates, as well as counsel to the Chapter 11 Estates, have concluded, in our considered business judgment, that the compromises set forth in the Settlement Agreement are "fair and equitable," are well within the "range of reasonableness," and are in the best interests of LBSF's estate and its creditors. We believe the Settlement Agreement was entered into in good faith and negotiated at arm's length. Therefore, the Motion, which seeks approval of the Settlement Agreement, should be granted.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Executed on this 11th day of February 2015.

/s/ Lawrence Brandman
Lawrence Brandman

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Attorneys for Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. and Lehman Brothers Special Financing Inc.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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In re	:	Chapter 11 Case No.
	:	00.10=== (0.00)
LEHMAN BROTHERS HOLDINGS INC., et al.,	:	08-13555 (SCC)
Debtors.	:	(Jointly Administered)
Debtors.	•	(Jointly Administrica)
	x	

DECLARATION OF LAWRENCE BRANDMAN IN SUPPORT OF MOTION PURSUANT TO RULE 9019 OF THE FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE AND SECTION 105(a) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE FOR APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT RELATING TO EXUM RIDGE CBO 2007-2 CREDIT DEFAULT SWAP AGREEMENT AND INDENTURE

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I, Lawrence Brandman, declare:

1. I am over the age of 18 years and make these statements of my own personal knowledge based on my personal experience, my review of business records of Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. ("<u>LBHI</u>" or the "<u>Plan Administrator</u>"), Lehman Brothers Special Financing Inc. ("<u>LBSF</u>"), and/or certain of their affiliates (collectively, the "<u>Chapter 11</u>

<u>Estates</u>"), and/or my consultation with other employees of and advisors to the Chapter 11 Estates. If called to testify, I could testify to the truth of the matters set forth herein.

- 2. I submit this Declaration in support of the Motion Pursuant to Rule 9019 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and Section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code for Approval of Settlement Agreement Relating to Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2 Credit Default Swap Agreement and Indenture, dated January 20, 2015 [ECF No. 47931] (the "Motion").
- Advisory with LBHI. One of my primary areas of responsibility is managing the Chapter 11 Estates' mediations relating to derivatives transactions. I also supervise the management of a portfolio of the Chapter 11 Estates' derivatives transactions, including with counterparties that are special purpose entities. In those roles I have independently reviewed, have become familiar with, and have personal knowledge regarding many derivatives transactions that the Chapter 11 Estates entered into before their bankruptcies, including the transaction that is the subject of the Motion. I have been the primary representative for the Chapter 11 Estates in connection with the matters set forth in the Motion, including for the ADR process and the negotiations that resulted in the entry into the settlement agreement among LBSF, LBHI, ABS LIBOR Fund, Ltd., U.S. Bank National Association (the "Trustee"), solely in its capacity as trustee under the Indenture, ² Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2, Ltd., as Issuer (the "Exum Ridge Issuer"), and Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2, Corp., as Co-Issuer (the "Exum Ridge Co-Issuer"), dated as of January 20, 2015 (the "Settlement Agreement").

¹ Capitalized terms used herein but not defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

² A copy of the Indenture (without exhibits) is attached to the Motion as Exhibit A.

4. I am thus fully familiar with the facts underlying the Motion, which I approved prior to its filing. I adopt the representations contained in the Motion, as if set forth in full and at length in this Declaration.

The Credit Default Swap Agreement and The Indenture

- 5. It is my understanding that LBSF and the Exum Ridge Issuer, entered into the Transaction pursuant to a 1992 form ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of May 2, 2007 (the "ISDA Master Agreement"), as amended and supplemented by a certain Schedule to ISDA Master Agreement (the "Schedule"), and a Confirmation, dated May 2, 2007 (the "Confirmation"). LBHI guaranteed LBSF's obligations under the ISDA Master Agreement, Schedule and Confirmation (the "Guarantee" and, together with the ISDA Master Agreement, Schedule, and Confirmation, the "Credit Default Swap Agreement").
- 6. It is also my understanding that under the Credit Default Swap Agreement, LBSF agreed to make periodic payments to the Exum Ridge Issuer in exchange for the Exum Ridge Issuer's promise to make payments to LBSF in respect of losses incurred in respect of certain specified reference obligations. In effect, LBSF, as the "Swap Counterparty," purchased protection from the Exum Ridge Issuer, which sold protection on the creditworthiness of the obligations referenced in the Credit Default Swap Agreement.
- 7. It is my further understanding that the Exum Ridge Issuer issued various classes of notes (the "Notes") under the Indenture and preference shares under a shares paying agency agreement (the "Preference Shares" and, together with the Notes, the "Securities"). The Notes were secured by a pool of collateral (the "Collateral") that also secured the Credit Default Swap Agreement. Through a series of note purchases, LBSF is now both a holder of certain of

³ Copies of the ISDA Master Agreement, the Schedule and the Confirmation are attached to the Motion as <u>Exhibit</u> B.

the Notes and the Swap Counterparty under the Credit Default Swap Agreement (in such latter capacity, the "Swap Counterparty"). The Exum Ridge Issuer pledged the Collateral to the Trustee for the benefit and security of the holders of the Notes (the "Noteholders"), which now include LBSF, and to LBSF, in its capacity as Swap Counterparty. The Trustee continues to hold the Collateral under the Indenture for the benefit of the Noteholders (including LBSF) and LBSF as Swap Counterparty.

- 8. I understand that under the Granting Clause of the Indenture, the Exum Ridge Issuer granted to the Trustee, for the benefit and security of the secured parties, all of its right, title and interest, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, in, to and under, *inter alia*, the Exum Ridge Issuer's rights under the Credit Default Swap Agreement, the Collateral, and substantially all other assets of the Exum Ridge Issuer.
- 9. It is my understanding that under the terms of the Indenture, the Trustee applies payment proceeds received generally in accordance with a "waterfall" provision. *See* Indenture § 11.1. Section 11.1(B)(i) clause "third" of the Indenture provides that a termination payment owed to LBSF as Swap Counterparty will be paid in advance of any distributions to Noteholders unless, *inter alia*, LBSF is the defaulting party under the Transaction. *See id.* § 11.1(B)(i). Under clause "second" of Section 11.1(B)(xiv), if, *inter alia*, LBSF is the defaulting party under the Transaction, the termination payment owed to LBSF is paid after the Noteholders and before the holders of Preference Shares (the "Preference Shareholders"). *See id.* § 11.1(B)(xiii). As a result, Section 11.1(B)(i) clause "third" and Section 11.1(B)(xiv) clause "second" of the Indenture (the "Waterfall Provisions") purport to provide that LBSF will receive termination payments before any distributions are made to Noteholders unless, *inter alia*, LBSF is the defaulting party under the Transaction.

The Dispute

- the Trustee has paid any amounts that have become due under the Indenture and the Credit Default Swap Agreement. On November 25, 2008, the Trustee received a letter from LBSF's counsel advising, *inter alia*, that (a) any action taken to exercise remedies with respect to the Notes would violate the automatic stay and, therefore, any actions to make distributions to Noteholders would violate the stay, and (b) any provision subordinating any termination payment due LBSF would be unenforceable. On November 28, 2008, the Exum Ridge Issuer sent to LBSF a "Notice of Early Termination" which terminated the Transaction as of November 28, 2008. As a result of LBSF's dispute regarding, among other things, the enforceability of the Waterfall Provisions (the "Payment Dispute"), neither party to the Credit Default Swap Agreement has paid any amounts (including termination payments) that became due to the other party on or after November 28, 2008.
- 11. On April 20, 2010, LBSF commenced Derivatives ADR No. 157 by serving an ADR Notice upon the Trustee and the Exum Ridge Issuer pursuant to the ADR Procedures Order. On June 4, 2010, the Trustee served an ADR Response upon LBSF as required by the ADR Procedures Order.
- 12. On September 14, 2010, LBSF filed a complaint against, among others, the Trustee and the Exum Ridge Issuer. *See* Adversary Proceeding No. 10-03542-SCC (the "<u>Litigation</u>"). At issue in Derivatives ADR No. 157 and in the Litigation is the Payment Dispute, including questions as to the proper interpretation of the Credit Default Swap Agreement and the Indenture. The Litigation relates to the instant Payment Dispute among the Parties, as well as other similar disputes involving other issuers and trustees.

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- 13. In the Litigation, LBSF seeks a declaratory judgment that provisions purporting to modify LBSF's economic rights to a termination payment premised on the bankruptcy filing of either LBHI or LBSF constitute unenforceable ipso facto clauses that inappropriately modify a debtor's interest in property, in violation of sections 365(e)(1) and 541(c)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. LBSF also seeks a declaratory judgment that effectuation of the Waterfall Provisions violates the automatic stay under section 362(a)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code because it involves an improper exercise of control over property of LBSF's estate. In the alternative, LBSF seeks a declaratory judgment that, if the Waterfall Provisions ultimately are found to be enforceable in whole or in part, they constitute either (i) a preferential transfer of an interest of LBSF in property that may be avoided under section 547 of the Bankruptcy Code, recovered under section 550 of the Bankruptcy Code, and preserved for the benefit of LBSF's estate under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code; (ii) a constructive fraudulent transfer of an interest of LBSF in property that may be avoided under section 548(a)(1)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code, recovered under section 550 of the Bankruptcy Code, and preserved for the benefit of LBSF's estate under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (iii) an unauthorized postpetition transfer of property of LBSF's estate that may be avoided under section 549 of the Bankruptcy Code, recovered under section 550 of the Bankruptcy Code, and preserved for the benefit of LBSF's estate under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code. The positions advanced by LBSF in the Litigation are not those of the Trustee.
- 14. On October 20, 2010, the Court entered the *Order Staying Avoidance*Actions and Granting Certain Related Relief Pursuant to Section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code

 and Bankruptcy Rule 7004(a)(1) [ECF No. 12199], thereby staying, among other things, certain
 adversary proceedings, including the Litigation, to allow parties to the Litigation and other
 similar actions time to explore the possibility of resolving their disputes without the need for

litigation (the "Stay"). I have also been informed that the Stay has been subsequently extended by numerous orders of the Court. On September 11, 2014, the Court entered a scheduling order governing certain adversary proceedings, including the Litigation. *See* Adv. Proc. No. 10-03542 (SCC) [ECF No. 70] (the "Scheduling Order"). The Scheduling Order sets forth a schedule for litigation of various issues in the Litigation. The Exum Ridge Issuer and the Trustee have not answered or otherwise moved for any relief in the Litigation.

- 15. On April 1, 2011, LBSF submitted an SPV Derivatives ADR Election pursuant to which LBSF recommenced the ADR process under the SPV ADR Procedures Order. The Trustee served an amended ADR Response on June 13, 2011, and LBSF served its ADR Reply on July 5, 2011. LBSF and the Trustee participated in mediation pursuant to the ADR process on December 7, 2012. At various junctures following the commencement of the Litigation and through and including the mediation, LBSF and the Trustee have engaged in settlement discussions.
- LBSF and its participation in the Litigation, the Trustee has made numerous attempts to contact Noteholders and Preference Shareholders for direction regarding the Payment Dispute and the application of proceeds from the sale of the Collateral. However, with limited exceptions, Noteholders and Preference Shareholders have not adequately responded to the Trustee's communications. Additionally, I understand that resolution of the Payment Dispute and the application of proceeds from the sale of the Collateral, as memorialized in the Initial Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement, was the subject of the Initial Motion filed by the Plan Administrator on October 18, 2013. I filed a declaration in support of the relief requested in the Initial Motion on November 19, 2013 [ECF No. 41174]. At that time, two of the holders of notes issued by the Exum Ridge Issuer and Exum Ridge Co-Issuer elected to opt-out of the Initial

Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement. [ECF Nos. 41035 and 41055]. Another holder of notes issued by the Exum Ridge Issuer and Exum Ridge Co-Issuer filed an objection to the Initial Motion solely with respect to the Initial Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement [ECF No. 41118] (the "Objection"). Subsequent to the filing of the Objection, the Initial Motion was withdrawn without prejudice solely with respect to the Initial Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement. LBSF has since resolved the Objection and, as a result, the Trustee has advised LBSF that it is prepared to enter into the Settlement Agreement, provided the Court approves of the terms of the Settlement Agreement pursuant to the terms of Bankruptcy Rule 9019. To date, the only response filed to the Motion has been the Limited Objection of ESP Funding I, Ltd. to Motion For Approval of Settlement Agreement Relating to Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2 Credit Default Swap Agreement and Indenture [ECF No. 41800] pursuant to which a Noteholder elected to optout of the Settlement Agreement. Entry of an order by this Court, in the form annexed to the Motion, is a condition precedent to the effectiveness of the Settlement Agreement.

The Settlement Agreement⁴

between the parties. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, upon its effective date, the Exum Ridge Issuer and the Trustee shall take such actions as shall be necessary to cause certain assets held in respect of the Collateral to be redeemed or otherwise liquidated, and to cause the net proceeds thereof to be deposited with the Trustee (the "Investment Proceeds"). The Trustee shall distribute and apply the Investment Proceeds, as well as certain other amounts as set forth in the Settlement Agreement, in accordance with the order, priority and procedures set forth in the

⁴ In keeping with the confidentiality provisions of the Parties' settlement, and due to LBHI's and LBSF's desire to keep the economic terms of the settlement confidential, the Settlement Agreement was not included as an exhibit to the Motion. The descriptions of documents set forth herein are being provided as summaries only. In the case of an inconsistency between the summary herein and the documents, the terms of the documents shall control.

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Settlement Agreement. Specifically, the Trustee is authorized under the Settlement Agreement to: (a) pay the outstanding fees and expenses of the Trustee; (b) pay the fees and expenses of Pricewaterhouse Coopers, Puglisi & Associates, Moody's, Maples and Calder, and Maples Fiduciary Services, in the specified amounts, (c) provided the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is met, pay an amount equal to the Noteholder Settlement Amount in satisfaction of the claims of Noteholders other than LBSF that do not object to the Settlement Agreement or the Motion; (d) place into an interest-bearing account an amount to be held in respect of a reserve, which the Trustee may use for the fees and expenses set forth in the Settlement Agreement; (e) place into an account with the Trustee an amount to be used to satisfy the claims of Noteholders other than LBSF that timely object to the Settlement Agreement or the Motion (an "Objecting Noteholder") if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is met, or sufficient to secure payment of the claims of all Noteholders other than LBSF if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is not met (the "Escrow Amount"); and (f) pay the remaining amount to LBSF upon LBSF's delivery of its Notes to the Trustee. LBSF retains all rights as Noteholder or Swap Counterparty except as otherwise explicitly set forth in the Settlement Agreement, and, to the extent that LBSF subsequently purchases Notes from Objecting Noteholders that it does not currently hold, commensurate pro rata amounts will be deducted from the Escrow Amount and paid to LBSF. Distribution of any remaining Escrow Amount and any remaining Reserve Amount to LBSF will be subject to certain conditions set forth in the Settlement Agreement.

18. LBSF, solely in its capacity as Noteholder, agrees not to assert that it is entitled to be paid on a senior or *pari passu* basis with the Notes that it does not hold (but LBSF reserves the right to assert that it is entitled to be paid amounts owing under the Notes it owns on a junior basis to the Notes it does not own and in an amount not to exceed the lesser of (a) the unpaid amount of principal and interest due on the Notes that LBSF owns (after taking into

account the Settlement Amount or applicable Subsequent Settlement Amount, as the case may be, to the extent any such payment is deemed to be a payment under the Notes that LBSF owns, as the case may be), or (b) the then remaining Escrow Amount.

- 19. LBSF and the Plan Administrator acknowledge and agree that they, and any agents and assigns thereof, as applicable, will only seek payment for damages and other relief, including interest thereon, with respect to or in connection with the Transaction (including, without limitation, any termination payment), the Notes, the Preference Shares, the Indenture and/or the Credit Default Swap Agreement in the Litigation, in an aggregate amount not greater than the then remaining Escrow Amount.
- 20. It is my understanding that the Settlement Agreement also provides that, upon distribution of the remaining Escrow Amount, any proof of claim filed by the Trustee, the Exum Ridge Issuer or the Exum Ridge Co-Issuer that is related to the Transaction and subject to the Settlement Agreement shall be withdrawn.

The Settlement Is in LBSF's Best Interests and Should Be Approved

Agreement is justified and appropriate. First, LBSF is entitled to the Settlement Amount either in its capacity as Swap Counterparty or in its capacity as Noteholder and, as a result, payment of the Settlement Amount to LBSF is appropriate regardless of the outcome of the Payment Dispute. Second, the Settlement Agreement protects the interests of other Noteholders by providing for the reservation of the Escrow Amount, which the Plan Administrator and LBSF believe is sufficient to pay the claims of the Objecting Noteholders, if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is met or waived, or the claims of all Noteholders other than LBSF, if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is not met or waived. In addition, the Settlement Agreement provides for the reservation of the Reserve Amount, which the Trustee may use for

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fees and expenses as enumerated in the Settlement Agreement. Third, regardless of the outcome of the Payment Dispute, the payment rights of the Preference Shareholders will be subordinated to those of both the Noteholders and LBSF, as Swap Counterparty; as a result, the Preference Shareholders should be indifferent to the approval of the Settlement Agreement because they will not receive a payment under the waterfall under any scenario. Moreover, any interested parties that may object to the terms of the Settlement Agreement will have the opportunity to lodge an objection with and be heard by this Court.

LBSF to capture a substantial amount of the value of the Transaction and the Notes that it owns for its estate. The Settlement Agreement will not resolve the Payment Dispute: LBSF retains the right to maintain its positions in respect of the Payment Dispute in the Litigation or elsewhere, subject to the limitations as to the amount of its recovery set forth in the Settlement Agreement. Regardless, for the reasons set forth above, I and my colleagues involved in the management of the Chapter 11 Estates, as well as counsel to the Chapter 11 Estates, have concluded, in our considered business judgment, that the compromises set forth in the Settlement Agreement are "fair and equitable," are well within the "range of reasonableness," and are in the best interests of LBSF's estate and its creditors. We believe the Settlement Agreement was entered into in good faith and negotiated at arm's length. Therefore, the Motion, which seeks approval of the Settlement Agreement, should be granted.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Executed on this 11th day of February 2015.

/s/ Lawrence Brandman
Lawrence Brandman

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UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

	Х	
In re	:	Chapter 11 Case No.
LEHMAN BROTHERS HOLDINGS INC., et al.,	:	08-13555 (SCC)
Debtors.	:	(Jointly Administered)
	X	

DECLARATION OF LAWRENCE BRANDMAN IN SUPPORT OF MOTION PURSUANT TO RULE 9019 OF THE FEDERAL RULES OF BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURE AND SECTION 105(a) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE FOR APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT RELATING TO EXUM RIDGE CBO 2007-2 CREDIT DEFAULT SWAP AGREEMENT AND INDENTURE

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I, Lawrence Brandman, declare:

1. I am over the age of 18 years and make these statements of my own personal knowledge based on my personal experience, my review of business records of Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. ("<u>LBHI</u>" or the "<u>Plan Administrator</u>"), Lehman Brothers Special Financing Inc. ("<u>LBSF</u>"), and/or certain of their affiliates (collectively, the "<u>Chapter 11</u>

<u>Estates</u>"), and/or my consultation with other employees of and advisors to the Chapter 11 Estates. If called to testify, I could testify to the truth of the matters set forth herein.

- 2. I submit this Declaration in support of the Motion Pursuant to Rule 9019 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure and Section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code for Approval of Settlement Agreement Relating to Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2 Credit Default Swap Agreement and Indenture, dated January 20, 2015 [ECF No. 47931] (the "Motion").
- Advisory with LBHI. One of my primary areas of responsibility is managing the Chapter 11 Estates' mediations relating to derivatives transactions. I also supervise the management of a portfolio of the Chapter 11 Estates' derivatives transactions, including with counterparties that are special purpose entities. In those roles I have independently reviewed, have become familiar with, and have personal knowledge regarding many derivatives transactions that the Chapter 11 Estates entered into before their bankruptcies, including the transaction that is the subject of the Motion. I have been the primary representative for the Chapter 11 Estates in connection with the matters set forth in the Motion, including for the ADR process and the negotiations that resulted in the entry into the settlement agreement among LBSF, LBHI, ABS LIBOR Fund, Ltd., U.S. Bank National Association (the "Trustee"), solely in its capacity as trustee under the Indenture, ² Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2, Ltd., as Issuer (the "Exum Ridge Issuer"), and Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2, Corp., as Co-Issuer (the "Exum Ridge Co-Issuer"), dated as of January 20, 2015 (the "Settlement Agreement").

¹ Capitalized terms used herein but not defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

² A copy of the Indenture (without exhibits) is attached to the Motion as Exhibit A.

4. I am thus fully familiar with the facts underlying the Motion, which I approved prior to its filing. I adopt the representations contained in the Motion, as if set forth in full and at length in this Declaration.

The Credit Default Swap Agreement and The Indenture

- 5. It is my understanding that LBSF and the Exum Ridge Issuer, entered into the Transaction pursuant to a 1992 form ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of May 2, 2007 (the "ISDA Master Agreement"), as amended and supplemented by a certain Schedule to ISDA Master Agreement (the "Schedule"), and a Confirmation, dated May 2, 2007 (the "Confirmation"). LBHI guaranteed LBSF's obligations under the ISDA Master Agreement, Schedule and Confirmation (the "Guarantee" and, together with the ISDA Master Agreement, Schedule, and Confirmation, the "Credit Default Swap Agreement").³
- 6. It is also my understanding that under the Credit Default Swap Agreement, LBSF agreed to make periodic payments to the Exum Ridge Issuer in exchange for the Exum Ridge Issuer's promise to make payments to LBSF in respect of losses incurred in respect of certain specified reference obligations. In effect, LBSF, as the "Swap Counterparty," purchased protection from the Exum Ridge Issuer, which sold protection on the creditworthiness of the obligations referenced in the Credit Default Swap Agreement.
- 7. It is my further understanding that the Exum Ridge Issuer issued various classes of notes (the "Notes") under the Indenture and preference shares under a shares paying agency agreement (the "Preference Shares" and, together with the Notes, the "Securities"). The Notes were secured by a pool of collateral (the "Collateral") that also secured the Credit Default Swap Agreement. Through a series of note purchases, LBSF is now both a holder of certain of

 $^{^3}$ Copies of the ISDA Master Agreement, the Schedule and the Confirmation are attached to the Motion as $\underline{\text{Exhibit}}$ $\underline{\text{B}}$.

the Notes and the Swap Counterparty under the Credit Default Swap Agreement (in such latter capacity, the "Swap Counterparty"). The Exum Ridge Issuer pledged the Collateral to the Trustee for the benefit and security of the holders of the Notes (the "Noteholders"), which now include LBSF, and to LBSF, in its capacity as Swap Counterparty. The Trustee continues to hold the Collateral under the Indenture for the benefit of the Noteholders (including LBSF) and LBSF as Swap Counterparty.

- 8. I understand that under the Granting Clause of the Indenture, the Exum Ridge Issuer granted to the Trustee, for the benefit and security of the secured parties, all of its right, title and interest, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, in, to and under, *inter alia*, the Exum Ridge Issuer's rights under the Credit Default Swap Agreement, the Collateral, and substantially all other assets of the Exum Ridge Issuer.
- 9. It is my understanding that under the terms of the Indenture, the Trustee applies payment proceeds received generally in accordance with a "waterfall" provision. *See* Indenture § 11.1. Section 11.1(B)(i) clause "third" of the Indenture provides that a termination payment owed to LBSF as Swap Counterparty will be paid in advance of any distributions to Noteholders unless, *inter alia*, LBSF is the defaulting party under the Transaction. *See id.* § 11.1(B)(i). Under clause "second" of Section 11.1(B)(xiv), if, *inter alia*, LBSF is the defaulting party under the Transaction, the termination payment owed to LBSF is paid after the Noteholders and before the holders of Preference Shares (the "Preference Shareholders"). *See id.* § 11.1(B)(xiii). As a result, Section 11.1(B)(i) clause "third" and Section 11.1(B)(xiv) clause "second" of the Indenture (the "Waterfall Provisions") purport to provide that LBSF will receive termination payments before any distributions are made to Noteholders unless, *inter alia*, LBSF is the defaulting party under the Transaction.

The Dispute

- the Trustee has paid any amounts that have become due under the Indenture and the Credit Default Swap Agreement. On November 25, 2008, the Trustee received a letter from LBSF's counsel advising, *inter alia*, that (a) any action taken to exercise remedies with respect to the Notes would violate the automatic stay and, therefore, any actions to make distributions to Noteholders would violate the stay, and (b) any provision subordinating any termination payment due LBSF would be unenforceable. On November 28, 2008, the Exum Ridge Issuer sent to LBSF a "Notice of Early Termination" which terminated the Transaction as of November 28, 2008. As a result of LBSF's dispute regarding, among other things, the enforceability of the Waterfall Provisions (the "Payment Dispute"), neither party to the Credit Default Swap Agreement has paid any amounts (including termination payments) that became due to the other party on or after November 28, 2008.
- 11. On April 20, 2010, LBSF commenced Derivatives ADR No. 157 by serving an ADR Notice upon the Trustee and the Exum Ridge Issuer pursuant to the ADR Procedures Order. On June 4, 2010, the Trustee served an ADR Response upon LBSF as required by the ADR Procedures Order.
- 12. On September 14, 2010, LBSF filed a complaint against, among others, the Trustee and the Exum Ridge Issuer. *See* Adversary Proceeding No. 10-03542-SCC (the "<u>Litigation</u>"). At issue in Derivatives ADR No. 157 and in the Litigation is the Payment Dispute, including questions as to the proper interpretation of the Credit Default Swap Agreement and the Indenture. The Litigation relates to the instant Payment Dispute among the Parties, as well as other similar disputes involving other issuers and trustees.

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- 13. In the Litigation, LBSF seeks a declaratory judgment that provisions purporting to modify LBSF's economic rights to a termination payment premised on the bankruptcy filing of either LBHI or LBSF constitute unenforceable ipso facto clauses that inappropriately modify a debtor's interest in property, in violation of sections 365(e)(1) and 541(c)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code. LBSF also seeks a declaratory judgment that effectuation of the Waterfall Provisions violates the automatic stay under section 362(a)(3) of the Bankruptcy Code because it involves an improper exercise of control over property of LBSF's estate. In the alternative, LBSF seeks a declaratory judgment that, if the Waterfall Provisions ultimately are found to be enforceable in whole or in part, they constitute either (i) a preferential transfer of an interest of LBSF in property that may be avoided under section 547 of the Bankruptcy Code, recovered under section 550 of the Bankruptcy Code, and preserved for the benefit of LBSF's estate under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code; (ii) a constructive fraudulent transfer of an interest of LBSF in property that may be avoided under section 548(a)(1)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code, recovered under section 550 of the Bankruptcy Code, and preserved for the benefit of LBSF's estate under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code; or (iii) an unauthorized postpetition transfer of property of LBSF's estate that may be avoided under section 549 of the Bankruptcy Code, recovered under section 550 of the Bankruptcy Code, and preserved for the benefit of LBSF's estate under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code. The positions advanced by LBSF in the Litigation are not those of the Trustee.
- 14. On October 20, 2010, the Court entered the *Order Staying Avoidance*Actions and Granting Certain Related Relief Pursuant to Section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code

 and Bankruptcy Rule 7004(a)(1) [ECF No. 12199], thereby staying, among other things, certain
 adversary proceedings, including the Litigation, to allow parties to the Litigation and other
 similar actions time to explore the possibility of resolving their disputes without the need for

litigation (the "Stay"). I have also been informed that the Stay has been subsequently extended by numerous orders of the Court. On September 11, 2014, the Court entered a scheduling order governing certain adversary proceedings, including the Litigation. *See* Adv. Proc. No. 10-03542 (SCC) [ECF No. 70] (the "Scheduling Order"). The Scheduling Order sets forth a schedule for litigation of various issues in the Litigation. The Exum Ridge Issuer and the Trustee have not answered or otherwise moved for any relief in the Litigation.

- 15. On April 1, 2011, LBSF submitted an SPV Derivatives ADR Election pursuant to which LBSF recommenced the ADR process under the SPV ADR Procedures Order. The Trustee served an amended ADR Response on June 13, 2011, and LBSF served its ADR Reply on July 5, 2011. LBSF and the Trustee participated in mediation pursuant to the ADR process on December 7, 2012. At various junctures following the commencement of the Litigation and through and including the mediation, LBSF and the Trustee have engaged in settlement discussions.
- LBSF and its participation in the Litigation, the Trustee has made numerous attempts to contact Noteholders and Preference Shareholders for direction regarding the Payment Dispute and the application of proceeds from the sale of the Collateral. However, with limited exceptions, Noteholders and Preference Shareholders have not adequately responded to the Trustee's communications. Additionally, I understand that resolution of the Payment Dispute and the application of proceeds from the sale of the Collateral, as memorialized in the Initial Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement, was the subject of the Initial Motion filed by the Plan Administrator on October 18, 2013. I filed a declaration in support of the relief requested in the Initial Motion on November 19, 2013 [ECF No. 41174]. At that time, two of the holders of notes issued by the Exum Ridge Issuer and Exum Ridge Co-Issuer elected to opt-out of the Initial

Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement. [ECF Nos. 41035 and 41055]. Another holder of notes issued by the Exum Ridge Issuer and Exum Ridge Co-Issuer filed an objection to the Initial Motion solely with respect to the Initial Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement [ECF No. 41118] (the "Objection"). Subsequent to the filing of the Objection, the Initial Motion was withdrawn without prejudice solely with respect to the Initial Exum Ridge Settlement Agreement. LBSF has since resolved the Objection and, as a result, the Trustee has advised LBSF that it is prepared to enter into the Settlement Agreement, provided the Court approves of the terms of the Settlement Agreement pursuant to the terms of Bankruptcy Rule 9019. To date, the only response filed to the Motion has been the Limited Objection of ESP Funding I, Ltd. to Motion For Approval of Settlement Agreement Relating to Exum Ridge CBO 2007-2 Credit Default Swap Agreement and Indenture [ECF No. 41800] pursuant to which a Noteholder elected to optout of the Settlement Agreement. Entry of an order by this Court, in the form annexed to the Motion, is a condition precedent to the effectiveness of the Settlement Agreement.

The Settlement Agreement⁴

between the parties. Pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, upon its effective date, the Exum Ridge Issuer and the Trustee shall take such actions as shall be necessary to cause certain assets held in respect of the Collateral to be redeemed or otherwise liquidated, and to cause the net proceeds thereof to be deposited with the Trustee (the "Investment Proceeds"). The Trustee shall distribute and apply the Investment Proceeds, as well as certain other amounts as set forth in the Settlement Agreement, in accordance with the order, priority and procedures set forth in the

⁴ In keeping with the confidentiality provisions of the Parties' settlement, and due to LBHI's and LBSF's desire to keep the economic terms of the settlement confidential, the Settlement Agreement was not included as an exhibit to the Motion. The descriptions of documents set forth herein are being provided as summaries only. In the case of an inconsistency between the summary herein and the documents, the terms of the documents shall control.

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Settlement Agreement. Specifically, the Trustee is authorized under the Settlement Agreement to: (a) pay the outstanding fees and expenses of the Trustee; (b) pay the fees and expenses of Pricewaterhouse Coopers, Puglisi & Associates, Moody's, Maples and Calder, and Maples Fiduciary Services, in the specified amounts, (c) provided the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is met, pay an amount equal to the Noteholder Settlement Amount in satisfaction of the claims of Noteholders other than LBSF that do not object to the Settlement Agreement or the Motion; (d) place into an interest-bearing account an amount to be held in respect of a reserve, which the Trustee may use for the fees and expenses set forth in the Settlement Agreement; (e) place into an account with the Trustee an amount to be used to satisfy the claims of Noteholders other than LBSF that timely object to the Settlement Agreement or the Motion (an "Objecting Noteholder") if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is met, or sufficient to secure payment of the claims of all Noteholders other than LBSF if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is not met (the "Escrow Amount"); and (f) pay the remaining amount to LBSF upon LBSF's delivery of its Notes to the Trustee. LBSF retains all rights as Noteholder or Swap Counterparty except as otherwise explicitly set forth in the Settlement Agreement, and, to the extent that LBSF subsequently purchases Notes from Objecting Noteholders that it does not currently hold, commensurate pro rata amounts will be deducted from the Escrow Amount and paid to LBSF. Distribution of any remaining Escrow Amount and any remaining Reserve Amount to LBSF will be subject to certain conditions set forth in the Settlement Agreement.

18. LBSF, solely in its capacity as Noteholder, agrees not to assert that it is entitled to be paid on a senior or *pari passu* basis with the Notes that it does not hold (but LBSF reserves the right to assert that it is entitled to be paid amounts owing under the Notes it owns on a junior basis to the Notes it does not own and in an amount not to exceed the lesser of (a) the unpaid amount of principal and interest due on the Notes that LBSF owns (after taking into

account the Settlement Amount or applicable Subsequent Settlement Amount, as the case may be, to the extent any such payment is deemed to be a payment under the Notes that LBSF owns, as the case may be), or (b) the then remaining Escrow Amount.

- 19. LBSF and the Plan Administrator acknowledge and agree that they, and any agents and assigns thereof, as applicable, will only seek payment for damages and other relief, including interest thereon, with respect to or in connection with the Transaction (including, without limitation, any termination payment), the Notes, the Preference Shares, the Indenture and/or the Credit Default Swap Agreement in the Litigation, in an aggregate amount not greater than the then remaining Escrow Amount.
- 20. It is my understanding that the Settlement Agreement also provides that, upon distribution of the remaining Escrow Amount, any proof of claim filed by the Trustee, the Exum Ridge Issuer or the Exum Ridge Co-Issuer that is related to the Transaction and subject to the Settlement Agreement shall be withdrawn.

The Settlement Is in LBSF's Best Interests and Should Be Approved

Agreement is justified and appropriate. First, LBSF is entitled to the Settlement Amount either in its capacity as Swap Counterparty or in its capacity as Noteholder and, as a result, payment of the Settlement Amount to LBSF is appropriate regardless of the outcome of the Payment Dispute. Second, the Settlement Agreement protects the interests of other Noteholders by providing for the reservation of the Escrow Amount, which the Plan Administrator and LBSF believe is sufficient to pay the claims of the Objecting Noteholders, if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is met or waived, or the claims of all Noteholders other than LBSF, if the Noteholder Settlement Amount Condition is not met or waived. In addition, the Settlement Agreement provides for the reservation of the Reserve Amount, which the Trustee may use for

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fees and expenses as enumerated in the Settlement Agreement. Third, regardless of the outcome of the Payment Dispute, the payment rights of the Preference Shareholders will be subordinated to those of both the Noteholders and LBSF, as Swap Counterparty; as a result, the Preference Shareholders should be indifferent to the approval of the Settlement Agreement because they will not receive a payment under the waterfall under any scenario. Moreover, any interested parties that may object to the terms of the Settlement Agreement will have the opportunity to lodge an objection with and be heard by this Court.

LBSF to capture a substantial amount of the value of the Transaction and the Notes that it owns for its estate. The Settlement Agreement will not resolve the Payment Dispute: LBSF retains the right to maintain its positions in respect of the Payment Dispute in the Litigation or elsewhere, subject to the limitations as to the amount of its recovery set forth in the Settlement Agreement. Regardless, for the reasons set forth above, I and my colleagues involved in the management of the Chapter 11 Estates, as well as counsel to the Chapter 11 Estates, have concluded, in our considered business judgment, that the compromises set forth in the Settlement Agreement are "fair and equitable," are well within the "range of reasonableness," and are in the best interests of LBSF's estate and its creditors. We believe the Settlement Agreement was entered into in good faith and negotiated at arm's length. Therefore, the Motion, which seeks approval of the Settlement Agreement, should be granted.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Executed on this 11th day of February 2015.

/s/ Lawrence Brandman
Lawrence Brandman